

## Riverside Industrial Park Superfund Site

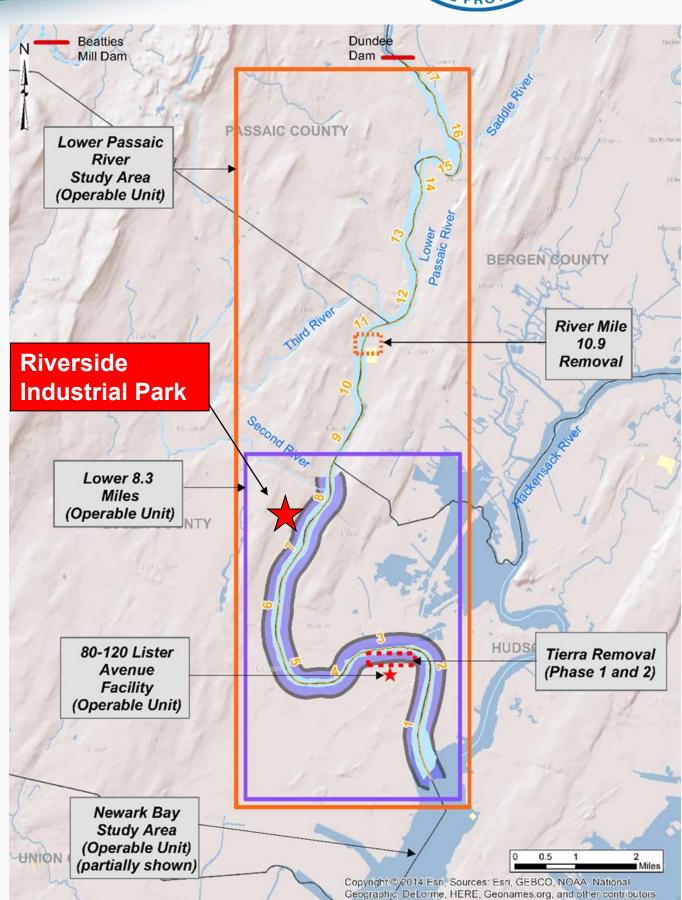
Remedial Investigation

March 5, 2020



#### **Location and History**

- Riverside Industrial Park
- Newark, Essex County
- 7.6-acre site
- Bordered by Passaic River (RM 7.1 to 7.3) and Riverside Ave/McCarter Highway
- Site reclaimed from river
- Industrial area since early 1900's





## Riverside History and Superfund Listing

- ~1903 Patton Paint Company constructed their plant
- 1920 Patton merged into Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company (PPG)
- 1971 PPG ceased all operations
- 1971 to current
  - Site was subdivided into 15 Lots
  - Used for a wide variety of industrial purposes from cosmetics to packaging; some lots are currently inactive/abandoned
- 2009 EPA found discharge to pipe on site
- 2009-2014 EPA removal actions
  - Plugged discharge pipes and removed drums/tanks
- 2013 Added to Superfund List

**Site Map** 



6/28/16

4/6/17

9/26/18

DATE

#2

#3

REVISION

COMMITMENT & INTEGRITY DRIVE RESULTS

T.N. Fitzroy

DRAWN BY:

CHECKED BY: B.T. Zewe

APPROVED BY: K.J. Bird

Add Building Numbers

Add Former Building Footprints

Update

DESCRIPTION

DRAWING NUMBER

11602B2

DATE: 3/24/14

DATE: 07/08/14

DATE: 07/08/14

61

#17

**LOT NUMBER** 

**BUILDING NUMBER** 

**VACANT BUILDING** 

O T SOAL F: 1-1

65

66

67

68

69

70

NA

17

NA

NA

13, 19

16

INDUSTRIAL DEV. CORP.

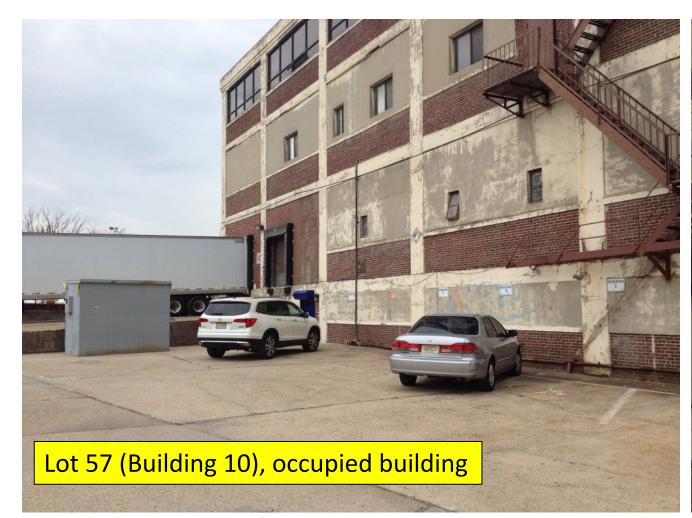
CHEMICAL COMPOUNDS, INC

CECLOR ASSOC., LLC.

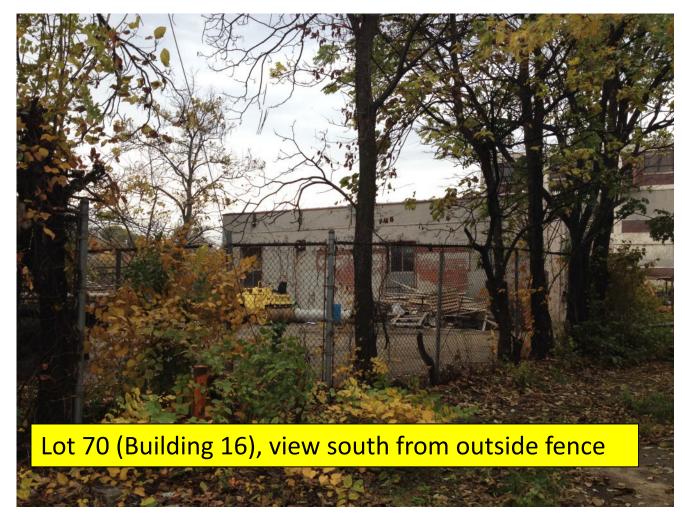
CITY OF NEWARK

SHARPMORE HOLDING INC.

ESTATE OF CAROLE GRAIFMAN



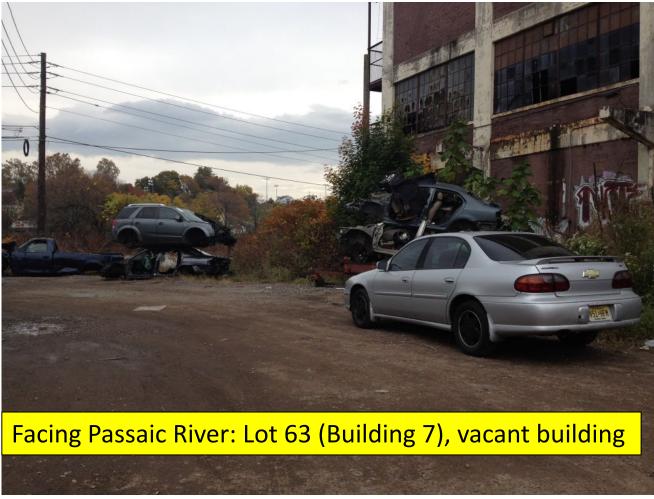










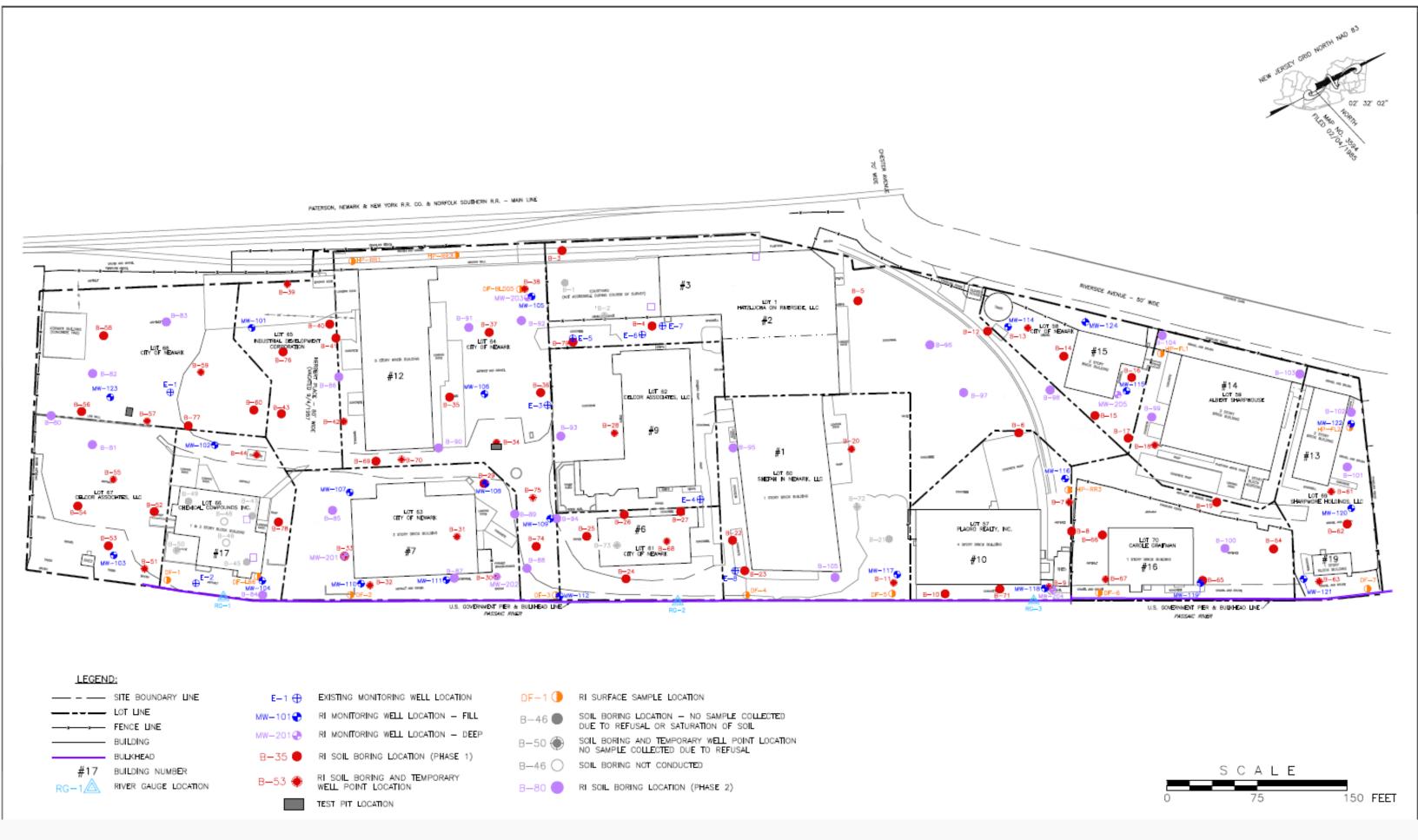






## Riverside Remedial Investigation Timeline

- 2014 EPA signed agreement with PPG to study the site
- 2017 EPA approved the Remedial Investigation / Feasibility Study (RI/FS)
  Work Plan
- 2017 to 2019 Field investigations and site characterization
  - Evaluations of abandoned buildings, containers/tanks, sewers and subsurface piping, river wall pipes
  - Soil borings and soil sampling
  - Groundwater sampling from monitoring wells
  - Vapor intrusion screening and indoor air sampling
- February 2020 Conditional approval
  - Baseline Human Health Risk Assessment (BHHRA),
  - Screening Level Ecological Risk Assessment (SLERA), and
  - Remedial Investigation (RI).





## Geological Investigation

- Historic fill
  - Predominantly the top layer of the site
  - Used to raise the elevation and reclaim land from the river
  - Consists of soil with variable amounts of debris
  - Up to 15 feet of fill
  - The lower portions of the fill are saturated by groundwater
  - Fill material appears to have been impacted by historical and/or current operations
- Soil was found to be impacted by volatile organic compounds (VOCs), semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), and metals



## **Groundwater Investigation**

- Two groundwater units were investigated:
  - Shallow wells and deep wells
  - Both units flow primarily towards the Passaic River
  - Tidal influences were observed in both units
- Groundwater quality varied based on location
  - Impacted by historic fill, underground storage tanks (USTs), spill/releases from past or current operators
  - Southern portion is contaminated by VOCs
  - Central portion contaminated by fuel-related constituents
  - Northern portion is contaminated with fuel-related constituents and VOCs



#### **Potential Sources Identified**

- Containerized waste
  - Drums/containers in vacant buildings (Lots 63, 64, and 66)
  - An inactive sewer manhole has elevated chlorinated organic concentrations
  - Basement of a former pump building (Lot 58) contains petroleum waste
- Current or ongoing sources of contamination
  - Exposure to soils at select lots primarily due to lead
  - River wall sewer pipe draining contaminated water (Lot 57)
  - Abandoned USTs and petroleum in soils
  - Bulkhead deterioration and soil erosion
    - Shares boundary with the river. Concern for contaminated soils moving to and from the site during future high water events

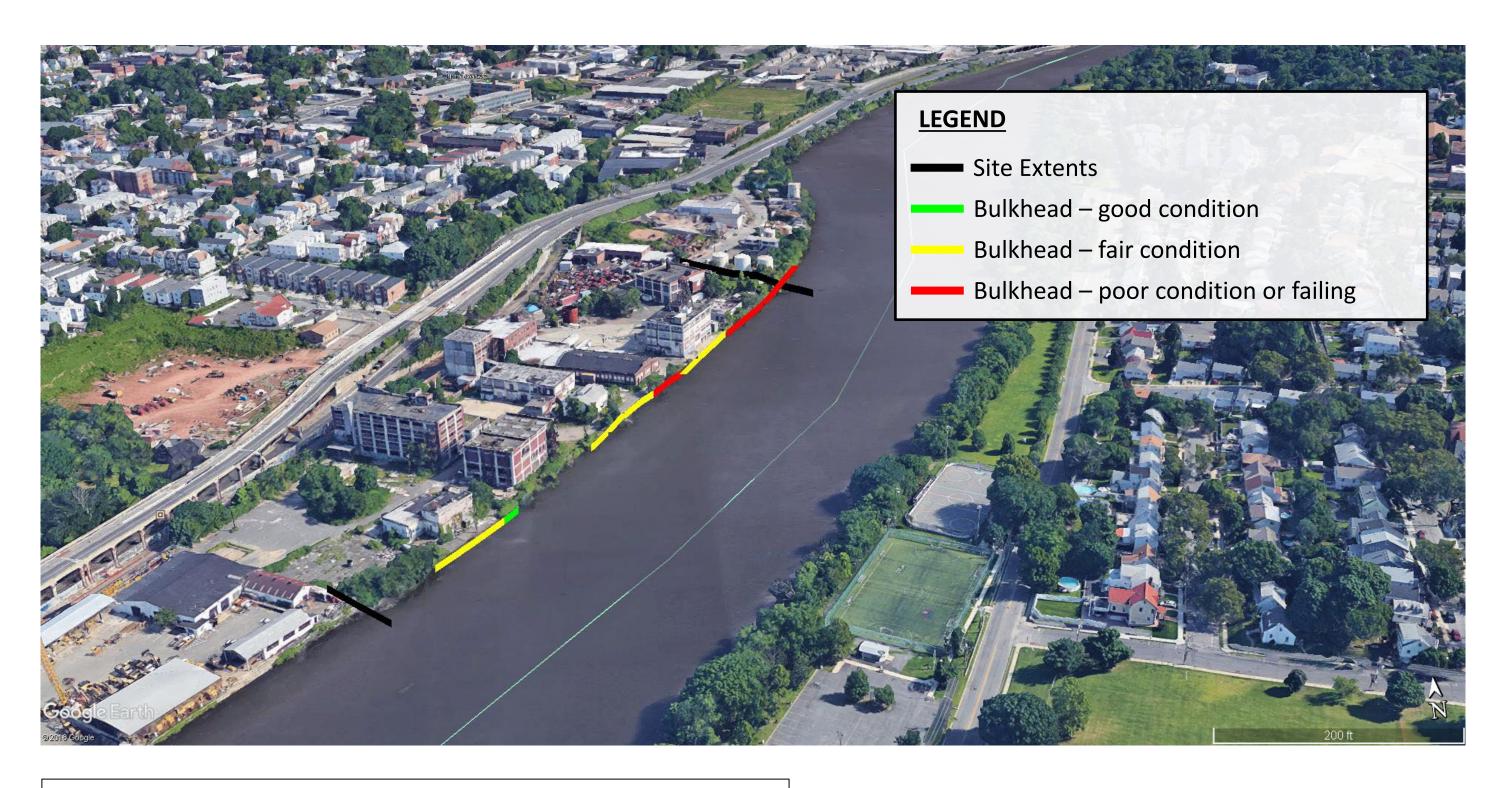


## Impacts between the site and the River

- Portions of the bulkhead have deteriorated
- There may be impacts to and from the river
- The portion of the river adjacent to the site is part of Diamond Alkali
  OU2, the Lower 8.3 miles. This part of the river has a cleanup plan that is under design.







Source: GSH/Tetra Tech "Preliminary Bulkhead and Shoreline Assessment Report" Revision 2, May 2019



#### Baseline Human Health Risk Assessment

- Unacceptable risk
  - 10<sup>-4</sup> to 10<sup>-6</sup> or higher for cancer, or
  - above the Hazard Index (HI) of 1 for non-cancer
- EPA Region 2 screening level for lead in soil is 800 mg/kg for nonresidential areas
- EPA Region 2 goal is no more than 5% of the exposed individuals having greater than 5 µg/dL blood lead levels
- Evaluation of risks/hazards at each of the 15 individual Lots



#### Baseline Human Health Risk Assessment

- Potentially exposed populations (i.e., receptors) include:
  - Outdoor workers, indoor workers, utility workers, construction workers, trespassers (adult and adolescent), visitors (adult and child), off-site workers and residents (via wind transport), and potential future on-site residents
- Evaluated the site under three scenarios
  - Current use some Lots are abandoned or not in use
  - Future use assumes all Lots are used
  - Hypothetical future residential use assumed to become residential land
    - This site is currently zoned as industrial and it is not expected to become residential in the future
    - Helps development of institutional controls (such as deed restrictions) at Lots that do not exhibit risk under the other scenarios



#### Baseline Human Health Risk Assessment

- Current Use
  - Unacceptable risk from exposure to lead in soil
- Future Use
  - Potential unacceptable future risk from lead, copper, and VOCs in soil and indoor air
- Groundwater
  - Potential unacceptable future cancer risk and noncancer hazards in both shallow and deep groundwater



## Screening Level Ecological Risk Assessment

- SLERA provides a conservative estimate of the maximum potential ecological risks
- Goals of the SLERA
  - Determine that there are no significant ecological risks
  - Determine if there is a need for additional evaluation of potential risks
- Only focuses on the potential for terrestrial exposure from on-site surface soil
  - No direct pathway to groundwater
- Only samples within or adjacent to areas identified as pervious and/or within potential ecological habitat were included



## Screening Level Ecological Risk Assessment

- This is very low-quality ecological habitat
  - 100 years of industrial use and will remain industrial
  - 70% paved over
  - No sensitive species
- Unacceptable risk in surface soil
  - All remedial alternatives will address this contamination
  - No further screening is required



## Summary

- Several potential sources were identified
  - Containers, manhole, UST, and bulkhead
- Unacceptable risk found at the site
  - Exposure to lead in soil is driving the unacceptable human health risk at the majority of the site
  - Exposure to copper in soil
  - Vapor intrusion
- Unacceptable ecological risks were also found at the site



## Redevelopment

- City of Newark executed redevelopment agreement in January 2018
- EPA agreed to an aggressive 2-year schedule to coincide with redeveloper's 2-year due diligence period in March 2018
- EPA continues to be involved in discussions with the redeveloper and the City of Newark



#### Timeline to ROD

- February 2020 Baseline Human Health Risk Assessment, Screening Level Ecological Risk Assessment, and the Remedial Investigation Report were conditionally approved and the Feasibility Study began
- June 2020 Approval of the Feasibility Study expected
- June 2020 EPA to release Proposed Plan for public comment
- September 2020 Record of Decision (ROD) expected to be signed



# Questions?

Josh Smeraldi, RPM Smeraldi.Josh@epa.gov